

# COVID-19 Protocols



### This guidance is for:

- People with *confirmed or suspected* COVID-19

These recommendations are based on what is currently known about [COVID-19](#) and its transmission. The Farmington Valley Health District will update this guidance as needed and as additional information becomes available. This guidance will help prevent the virus from spreading among people in your home and the community. Self-isolation is an effective precautionary measure to protect those around you – your family, friends, colleagues – from contracting COVID-19. Be aware that [individuals over the age of 60 and/or individuals with chronic conditions are at a greater risk of experiencing serious complications](#) from COVID-19.

Self-isolation means completely avoiding contact with other people. You need to do this if:

- you have had a positive test result for coronavirus
- you have symptoms consistent with COVID-19 including fever, chills, cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, fatigue, muscle or body aches, headache, sore throat, new loss of taste and/or smell, congestion, runny nose, nausea, vomiting, and/or diarrhea following a known exposure and while awaiting test results

### **Guidance for Individuals who are Self Isolating:**

- ✓ **Separate yourself from other people in your home.** As much as possible, you should stay in a specific room and away from other people in your home. Also, you should use a separate bathroom and shower, if possible.
- ✓ **Stay home except to get medical care.** You should restrict activities outside your home, except for getting medical care. Do not go to work, school, extra-curricular activities, to any public areas, or spend time with others. Avoid using public transportation, [ride-sharing](#), or taxis.
- ✓ **Call ahead before visiting your doctor.** If you have a medical appointment, call the healthcare provider and tell them that you have or may have COVID-19. This will help the healthcare provider's office take steps to keep other people from getting infected or exposed.

- ✓ **Wear a facemask if you are sick and need to be near people.** You should wear a facemask when you are around other people (e.g., sharing a room or vehicle) and before you enter a healthcare provider's office.
- ✓ **Cover your coughs and sneezes.** Cover your mouth and nose with a tissue when you cough or sneeze. Throw used tissues in a lined trash can. Immediately wash your hands with soap and water for at least 20 seconds or, if soap and water are not available, clean your hands with an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol.
- ✓ **Clean your hands often:** Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, especially after blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing; going to the bathroom; and before eating or preparing food. If soap and water are not readily available, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol, covering all surfaces of your hands and rubbing them together until they feel dry.
- ✓ **Avoid sharing personal household items.** You should not share dishes, drinking glasses, cups, eating utensils, towels, or bedding with other people in your home.
- ✓ **Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth.**
- ✓ **Clean all "high-touch" surfaces every day.** Use a household cleaning spray or wipe, according to the label instructions.

## Monitor Your Symptoms Daily

Keep a daily log of your temperature and any medications you are taking (prescription and over the counter).

Seek prompt medical attention if your illness is worsening (e.g., difficulty breathing). If you develop [emergency warning signs for COVID-19](#) get medical attention immediately. Emergency warning signs include\*:

- Difficulty breathing or shortness of breath
- Persistent pain or pressure in the chest
- New confusion or inability to arouse
- Bluish lips or face

\*This list is not all inclusive. Please consult your medical provider for any other symptoms that are severe or concerning.

**Call ahead and notify first responders and medical providers that you are on home isolation for COVID-19. This is critical to protect our health care and emergency services.**

## When Can I Discontinue Self-Isolation?

Patients with confirmed COVID-19 should remain under home isolation precautions until the risk of secondary transmission to others is thought to be low:

- At least **5 days** from symptom onset or test date if asymptomatic  
AND
- No fever for at least 24 hours, without the use of fever-reducing medications  
AND
- Other symptoms have improved  
AND
- Continue to wear a well-fitting mask around others for an additional 5 days, especially in your household.

**\*\*Children attending school or daycare should isolate for a full 10 days. After 10 days, a child may return to school or daycare if they have no fever for 24 hours, without the use of fever-reducing medications, and other symptoms have improved.**

Visit our website [www.fvhd.org](http://www.fvhd.org) for more guidance and information on COVID-19.

Additional Resources:

[CDC Guidance for Isolated/Self-Quarantined Individuals](#)

[Signs and Symptoms of COVID-19](#)

[COVID-19 and Animals](#)

[www.fvhd.org](http://www.fvhd.org)

[Connecticut State Health Department](#)